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work, not of passion, but of calm and enforced at the present time. Nor does and the validity of the Government it- amendment of the Constitution liself, apprehension or an unjust perversion of as individuals, before the judicial tribusober judgment, not of resentment for it find any support in the theory that self is brought in question. But Con- and such amendment can be made only existing facts. past offences prolonged beyond the limits the States thus excluded are in rebel- gress at the present moment thus ex- in the modes which the Constitution It-

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ISHED. IT ADOPTS THE NATIONAL

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seek to promote.

all the passions that can sway the public the people thereof."

selves and our posterity. od, and the bleshings which, under a beginning the second of the second

the ambition of political parties, and and to-day also, precisely as before the or forbearance of the hour.

judgment and affect the public action; This position is vindicated not only thous. It is, indeed, the identical prace of a duty—it did not annul the one nor in the Constitution. It is at war with if that confidence and loyalty have pursuance thereof, while the wounds of war are still fresh by the essential nature of our Governs tice which has rendered fruitles all at- abrogate the other, and record fruitles all attive duty which, on your helialf, we, santreak of the Rebellion to its final the fundamental law, which is set a ide the United States.

secure the blessings of liberty to our- rights and dignity undurpaired.

ant particulars the victory achieved by solemn proclamation of the Executive and choose their rulers, and to exclude Third. But it is alleged that in certain methods of organized industry have to believe their rights, or under a comthe National Government has been final Department. The laws of the United the other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the Other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the Other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the Other ten from all share in their particulars the Constitution of the United the Other ten from all share in the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Constitution of the United the Other ten from the Other ten fr and decisive. First, it has established states have been extended by Congress own Government until it sees fit to adbeyond all further controversy, and by over all these States and the people mit them thereto. What is there to justice and impartial equality which been destroyed—where thousands and amiss to remember that, terrible as have the highest of all human sanctions, the thereof. Federal courts have been re- distinguish the power thus asserted and the principles of our Government reernment, as defined and limited by the levied. And in every respect, except intolerable tyranny?

with the very existence of free institus ment of the right and to the discharge is to take affect. It finds no warrant President of the United States. And and to all laws that may be made in

which justice and reason prescribe, but Hon against the Government, and are cludes from representation, in both self-prescribes. The claim that the supof a liberal statesmanship which toler- therefore precluded from sharing its au- branches of Congress, ten States of the pression of an insurrection against the the Constitution and laws of the United penalties that can fall on offending ates what it cannot prevent, and builds thority. They are not thus in rebellion. Union, denying them all share in the Government gives additional authority States and a more prompt and entire States in the losses, the sufferings, and its plans and its hopes for the future They are one and all in an attitude of enactment of laws by which they are and power to that Government, espe-obedience than in those States and humiliation of unsuccessful war. But rather upon a community of interest and loyalty toward the Government, and of to be governed, and all participation in cially that it enlarges the jurisdiction of among those people who were lately in whatever may be the guilt or the punambition than upon distrust and the sworn allegiance to the Constitution of the election of th the United States. In no one of them laws are to be enforced. In other words, to exclude States from representation in less purpose or danger of any future at-II. In the next place, we call upon you is there the slightest indication of resist- a Congress in which only twenty-six the national councils, without which tempt to overthrow their authority. It tice demand the concession that the to recognize in their full significance, ance to this authority, or the slightest States are represented asserts the right the nation itself can have no authority would seem to be both natural and inand to accept with all their legitimate protest against its just and binding ob- to govern, absolutely and in its own disconsequences, the political results of the ligation. This condition of renewed eretion, all the thirty-six States which alike with the principles of the Constiwar just closed. In two most import- loyalty has been officially recognized by compose the Union-to-make their laws tution and with the public safety.

III. In the third place, we deem it of overthrow of the authority of the Conthe number importance that the real chars stitution, and as complete a destruction the hands of the supreme legislative ments to the Constitution, enlarging in and larger towns of the Southern States, sume, the States and people which actor of the war and the victory by which of the Covernment and Union, as that authority of the Government, on its some very important particulars the where different races and interests are engaged in the war against the Government. TO THE PROPERTY OF THE UNITED STATES.

HAVING met in Convention, at the it was sought to be officeted by the own terms and at its own discretion. If authority of the General Government brought most closely in contact, and ernment of the United States have City of Philadelphia, in the State of stood. The war was carried on by the States and people in armed insurrection representation in Congress and partici-Pennsylvania, this sixteenth day of Government of the United States in main- against them both. It cannot escape pation in the Consti-August, 1866, as the representatives of tenance of its own authority and indes observation that the power thus asserts privileges conferred and held by favor, representative power of the States in outbreak; and even there, they are quite the people in all sections, and from all fence of its own existence, both of which ed to exclude certain States from representative states in buttiness, and the statement might have the merit of which slavery formerly existed; and it as much the feuit of untimely and burtthe people in an sections, and it is much the sentation is made to rest wholly in the plansibility. But representation is made to rest wholly in the plansibility. But representation is made to rest wholly in the plansibility. But representation is made to rest wholly in the plansibility. the consult upon the condition and the it sought to suppress, The suppression will and discretion of the Congress that the constitution not only expressly rose be made valid as parts of the original tility on the people of the insurgent States; but to consum upon the condition and the residue of the National Government, and the National Government of the National wants of our common country, we are dress to you this Declaration of our Prin- result. The Government of the United apon any specified conditions are circums a duty; and it is essential in both aspects the States to be most seriously affected. But the concurrent testimony of those them very considerable weight in descriptions and the concurrent testimony of the co the states and of the political purposes we States analytical purposes we state and the state analytical purposes we state and the state analytical purposes we state analytical purposes and the state analytical purposes we state analytical purposes and the state analytical purposes analytical purposes and the state analytical purposes a supreme authority over all the territory, regulations whatever. The right ascerts to the maintenance of its authority. In States by three-fourths of the remaining ciety and the state of public sentiment. Since the meeting of the last National and over all the States and people withs ed and exercled is absolute, without free governments fundamental and essential states and people with Convention, in the year 1860, events in its jurisdiction, which the Constitution or restriction, not confined scattal rights cannot be forfeited, except to representation in Congress and in the resentatives in this Convention—estabhave occurred which have changed the tion convers upon it; but it acquired to states in rebellion, nor to States that against individuals by due process of Electoral College. have occurred which have energed the too constitutional duties and a state of the southern people accept, with as full defeat and overthrow they have sustainemanater of our internal pointes, and the software people accept, with as this software people accept, with a software people accept, and the software people accept, with a software people accept, and the software people accept among the nations of the earth. Our possession or of civil authority which it authority, to exclude any State or states, re-established su- in the results, to themselves and the Government has passed through the did not possess before the Rebellion and any portion of the people thereof, time suspended by the failure to claim upon due deliberation, may deem expess premacy of the national authority, and country, which that defeat involves. Sleisslindes and the perils of civil war broke out. All the rightful power it at any time, from representation in them, and dather may be evaded by the dient. But we insist that they shall be are prepared, in the most loyal spirit, They no longer claim for any State the a war which, though mainly sectional can ever possess is that which is confers Congressand in the Electoral College, at refusal to perform them. The with-

the sentiments, and the destiny of the simply the defeat of that attempt. The shall change, One Congress may ex-Republic. While it has inflicted upon Government of the United States acted clude a State from all shares in the unifed and rendered void when the inspectation and in public spirit, after a war lits existence forever upon the soil or reputing the whole country severe losses in the throughout the war on the defensive. It covernment for one reason, and, that surrection itself wassuppressed. Neither three fourths of all the States, including so long in its duration, so destructive in within the jurisdiction of the United the whole country severe losses in the sum of the region of what sought only to hold possession of what sought only to hold possessi uens which must weight on its resourt was ancount as one. Exclude it for all states or people, as conditions of representations to come, it has devels nor the victory by which it was closed, for excluded on one ground to-day, paired by the fact of insurrection; but states or people, as conditions of representations to come, it has devels nor the victory by which it was closed, for excluded on one ground to-day, paired by the fact of insurrection; but oped a degree of national c surage in the changed in any way the Constitution of and another may be excluded on the opera negree of national dangers -a capacity the United States. The war was carried opposite ground to-morrow. Northern insurrection against the United and to secure by law and its tribupresence of military organization and achieves on by virtue of its provisions, and uns psecudancy may exclude southern states the enjoyment of that right and the long under the Constitution to all the States. Beyond all question this has been and impartial justice to all ment, and a devotion on the part of the derthe limitations which they prescribe; from one Congress; the ascendancy of performance of that duty for the time states alike. And with still greater been largely due to the wise generosity classes of their inhabitants. They admine the part of the derthe limitations which they prescribe; from one Congress; the ascendancy of performance of that duty for the time states alike. people to the form of government which and the result of the war did not either whether interests, or of depended could not be familied. This emphasis do we deay the right of any with which their enforced surrender mit the invalidity of all nets of resists. any way change both combined, may exclude the North- was, in fact, the case. An insurgent portion of the States, excluding the rest was accepted by the President of the ance to the national authority, and of ples of liberty which that government of affect the powers it confers upon the ern or the Eastern States from any share in their United States and the generals in imwas designed to promote, which must Federal Government, or release that improbable as such nonrepations may unlawful authority, had prohibited command of their armies, and overthrow. They avow their willingconfirm the contidence of the nation in Government from the restrictions which seem, the establishment of the principle within the territory under its control, in the Constitution which are to affect to the liberal measures which were afnow asserted and acted upon by Con- that allegiance to the Con-titution and permanently their political relations and terward taken to restore order, tranthe perpetuacy of its republical material and access upon by Constitution of the United States where all upon them, in common with other tions, and command the respect of the United States where all upon them by no means inis to-day precisely as it was before the possible. The character, indeed the very by that fundamental law the essential Like all great contests which rouse war, the "supreme law of the land, any- existence of Congress and the Union, is condition of representation in its Gov- Union. Such an exercise of power is steps could have been better calculated and they renew, through their representation in its the passions and test the endurance of thing in the Constitution or laws of any thus made dependent solely and emirely or many thus made dependent solely and emirely

I. In the first place, we invoke you to other rights have been asserted on best of especially to provide. Not only the in this regard, her war waged by a Govs peace. er required or permitted to regard or and laws, and to subject the territory of Representatives, says the Constitution plete jurisdiction over the soil of the to a share in its counsels. We might cause who live in the South would be it has proved to us, beyond confroversy treat each other as enemies. Not only have the acts of war been discontinued, have the acts of war been discontinued, have the weapons of war been discontinued. In That we have us right, for such the weapons of war bell outs. But the best-ballon, and deprivations as of members chosen every second year own Constitution. Our laws were the the best-ballon for the formula of the for and the weapons of war laid aside, but the legislative department of the Gov- by the people of the several states." only rational laws in force upon it. The reasons, to deay to any portion of the unfit ever to become guardians of the powers, that we must be the guardians the state of war no longer exists, and the crament may see fit to impose. Under Not only is the right of representation Government of the United States was the States or people rights expressly consentiments, the passions, the relations this broad and sweeping claim, that thus recognized as possessed by all the only Covernment through which those ferred upon them by the Constitution by the fathers and founders of this Re- principles of republican freedom we of war have no longer lawfill or rightful chaise of the Constitution which pro- States and by every State without re- States and their people had relations with of the United States. place anywhere throughout our broad vides that "no State shall without its striction, qualification, or condition of foreign nations, and its first was the only 2. That so long as their acts are those complaining submissiveness, the hudomain. We are again people of the consent be deprived of its equal suffrage any kind, but the duty of chouclast reps that by which they were recognized or of loyalty—so long as they conform in miliations thus sought to be imposed ourselves. United States, fellow-eltizons of one in the Senate of the United States," has resentatives is imposed upon the people known anywhere on the face of the united states, "has resentatives is imposed upon the people known anywhere on the face of the united states," has resentatives is imposed upon the people known anywhere on the face of the united states, "has resentatives is imposed upon the people known anywhere on the face of the united states," has resentatives is imposed upon the people known anywhere on the face of the united states, and the conduct to the requires are the conduct to the require country, bound by the duffes and obti- been manufled, and ten states have been of each and every state alike, without earth. In all these respects, and in all means of the Constitution and laws we always and everywhere essential to freegations of a common patriotism, and refused, and are still refused, and are still refused, and are still refused, and in the name of liberty having neither rights nor interests apart taken altogether in both branches of the distinctions among them, for any reason ests and rights, our possession was per- formity in their sentiments and opinfrom a common destiny. The daties Federal Congress. And a Congress in or upon any grounds whatever. And feet and complete. It did not used to be loss to our own. that devolve upon us now are again the which only a part of the States and of in the senate, so carcint is the Constitus acquired, but only to be maintained; 3. That we have no right to distrust against the imposition of unjust and deduties of peace, and no longer the duties of peace, and no longer the duties of the Culon are represented then begin and victorious war against the Rebellion the purpose of the Culon are represented then policy of war. We have assembled here to has asserted the right thus to exclude of representation, it is expressly protake counsel concerning the interests of the rest from representation, and from vised that "no State shall, without its It could only visidiate and resestablish der all contingencies and by whatever crament of a free Commonwealth, and the present Congress alone obstract. peace—to decide how we may most all share in making their own laws or consent, he deprived of its equal sufthe war has made, and perfect and shall comply with such conditions and ment of the Constitution itself. When, diminish the authority which that Congress shall perpetuate this poliwisely and effectually heal the wounds choosing their own rulers until they frage" in that body, even by an amendal tution. It could meither enlarge ner its welfare, perpendic the benefits in has seems perform such against this Congress thus the refere, any state is excluding loyal States and

absolute supremacy of the National Gov- opened, and Federal taxes imposed and exercised from the most absolute and quire; that it was in these respects the have been suddenly loosened from the this war, they have fallen exclusively Constitution of the United States, and that they are denied representation in IV. Nordothese extravagant and unthe permanent integrity and indisonst Congress and the Effectoral College, the just chains on the part of Congress to Constitution was formed, we are no ized and chaotic society, and where the with far greater weight upon those with bility of the Federal Unionas a necessary States once in rebellion are recognized powers and authority never conferred longer compelled to submit, and that keen sense of defeat is added to the whom the war began; that in the death onsequence; and, second, it has put an as holding the same position, as owing upon the Covernment by the Constituend finally and forever to the existence the same obligations, and subject to the tion find any warrant for its exercise of violence should defy for a time the of families; the disruption of social sysof slavery upon the soil or within the same duties as the other states of our or excuses urged on their behalf. It is in the hostile conduct of the insurgent imperied discipline of law, and excite tens and social ties; the overthrow of jurisdiction of the United States. Both the common Union.

The common Union.

It seems to us, in the exercise of the first points became directly involved in the common Union.

The common Union and order; the governments; of law and order; the first points became directly involved in the common Union.

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The common Union are common Un these points became directly involved in the exercise of the contest, and controversy upon both calmest and modes and means of industry; the contest, and controversy upon both calmest and modes and means of industry; was ended absolutely and finally by the can bring to the subject, that such a big their members from Congress, for- form in all its provisions to its own ideas ces of this kind, accompanied by more the loss of political, commercial, and claim, so enforced, involves as fatal an feited their right of representation, and of equality and the rights of man. Con- or loss of violence, do still occur. But moral influence, in every shape and

who are here assembled, have under- overthrow. In every message and proce in reckless obedience to their behests. Second. But it is asserted, in support power, and thus leads, by direct and General Government toward them; to gour authority, and to share with them beneatloned the Executive it was implied Stability, whether in the exercise of of the authority calmed by the Consequence, to the most the action by which Congress has on- the honor and renown that await those For the first time after six long years of the first time after six long years of alienation and of conflict, we have come together from every State and authority of the Constitution and to praevery section of our land, as citizens of serve the integrity of the Union; and party, which, under constitutional gov- victorious war always confers upon the this, the most formidable of all the all participation in our common Gov- opened a new career of glory to the maa common country, under that flag, the Congress more than once reiterated this erungents, are the conditions and means conquerors, and which the conqueror dangers which menace the stability of erunent; to the withdrawal from them then it has saved. It has swept away symbol again of a common glory, to solemn declaration, and added the use of polifical progress, are merged in the may exercise or waive in his own disconsult together how best to coment and surance that whenever the object should conflicts of arms to which they directly credion. To this we reply that the laws of the United States was intended must the Constitution; and to the evident est which they directly credion. To this we reply that the laws of the United States was intended must be Constitution; and to the evident est which they directly credion. In question relate solely, so far as the carefully to provide. We demand a purpose of Congress, in the exercise of a its peace. It has destroyed the instituthe object of our common love, and thus the states should retain their equal. It was against this peril, so conspics rights they confer are concerned, to wars strict and steadfied adherence to its pro-

remember always and everywhere, that the war is ended and the nation is again. It has been proclaimed to the concentration which we constitute of the usurpation which we constitute the war is ended and the nation is again. at peace. The shock of contending arms by Congress that, in addition to the ledepend upon the right and the fact its authority. If we had carried on such subject to the will of |-an aptitude for achievements of war, no longer assails the shuddering heart of powers conformed upon it by the Constr. of representation. The Congr. s, upon cossful war against any foreign mation can states and people is not such as their conquerers; free early to obey both by sea and land—before unknown the Republic. The insurrection against tion, the Federal Coverament may now which is conferred all the logislative we might thereby have acquired passes readers safe their readmission to a share laws in making which they are not all the logislative we might thereby have acquired passes. the supremeauthority of the nation has claim over the States, the territory, and power of the National Government, coassistion of their soil, with in the Government of the country; that lowed to share. been suppressed, and that authority has the people involved in the insurrection, sists of two branches, the remarks upon their they are still disloyed in sentiment and No people has ever yet existed whose important influence upon the character been again acknowledged, by word and the rights of wars the right of conquest House or Representatives, whose joint people, and to impose upon them such purpose, and that neither the honor, the loyalty and fifth such treatment long and destiny of the continent and the net, in every State and by every citizen and of confiscation, the right to abrogate concurrence or assent is essential to the laws and such obligations as we might credit, nor the interests of the nation continued would not alternate and imwithin its jurisdiction. We are no long- all existing governments, institutions, validity of any law. Of these the House choose, But we had before the warrous would be safe if they were readmitted pair. And the ten millions of Ameri-

We do not hesitate to affirm that as societies and organized communities, war, where all the ordinary modes and in defense of what they had been taught result of compromises and concessions discipline of war, and thrown without upon neither section and upon neither

lishes the fact that the great mass of the tainly without sulien resentment, the

but insurgent now no longer, to protest work of restoration and peace which

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nals of the land, and for that conduct,

in its character, has, nevertheless, des red upon it, either in express terms or its own discretion, and until they shall drawal of their members from Congress from Congress and their pride, to co-operate longer assert for any State an allegiance cided political differences that from the by fair and necessary implication, by the perform such acts and comply with by the States which resisted the General with other States and sections in whatvery beginning of the Government had Constitution of the United States. It such conditions as it may dieface, Obs Government was among their acts of ine strament, and with the principles of ever may be necessary to defend the General Government. They have acvery beginning of the coverament and construction of share was one of the received the unity of our national ex- was that power and that authority which cloudly share and of equal rights rights, maintain the honor, and promote cepted the destruction of shavery, abolistence, and has left its impress deep the Rebellion sought to overthrow, and being wholly within the discretion of agencies by which they sought to overthrow, and being wholly within the discretion of agencies by which they sought to overthrow, and and ineffaceable upon all the interests, the victory of the Pederal arms was Congress itself the authority and defeat the action of Institutions. We denythe right of Connations, this war has given new scope to State to the contrary notwithstanding;" upon the party and scettonal exigencies gent States was allowed to take the able when exercised by Northern States dence, revive the patriotism, and secure public conduct, in every way and by outh to support the Constitution of the as it would be if exercised by Southern, the permanent and affectionate allegis the most solemn acts by which States fresh impulse to plans of innovation and war," all the powers not conferred by the We need not stop to show that such United States, and, as a necessary conses and not to be fortified or palliated by ance of the people of the South to the and societies can pledge their faith, reform. Amid the chaos of conflicting Constitution upon the General Governs an action not only finds no warrant in quence, no near could lawfully represent anything in the past history either of Constitution and laws of the Union their engagement to bear true faith and sentiments inseparable from such an era; ment, nor prohibited by it to the States, the Constitution, but is at war with those States in the councils of the Union. those by whom it is afternated or of than those which have been so firmly allegiance, through all time to come, to while the public heart is keenly alive to are reserved to the several states, or to every principle of our Government, and Burthis was only already affect the constitution of the United States,

and bleeding on either side, and fears ment, and the language and spirit of the tempts hitherto to establish and mains when the usurpation by which it was of Government. If tolerated in one pile of the South are to-day less cor- you, in full reliance upon your intelfor the future take unjust proportions Constitution, but by all the acts and the lain free Government in Mexico and the metance, it becomes the precedent for dial in their allegiance than they were figure and your patriotism, to act from the memories and resentments of language of our Covernment, in all its States of South America. Party news States of South America. Party news States of South America. the past, it is a difficult but an impera- departments, and at all times from the siries assert themselves as superior to giance to the changed confidence, this full surrender on the the will of the party in possession of tone of the legislative department of the part of those lately in arms against ights and dignity unimpaired, and so faid to all free government union and equal members of a republic of States, of for our country the way to unity of

power and freedom of the Republic, of a new Congress are to be closed. If